



# GEORGIA

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION

### Air Quality Permit

In accordance with the provisions of the Georgia Air Quality Act, O.C.G.A. Section 12-9-1, et seq and the Rules, Chapter 391-3-1, adopted pursuant to and in effect under that Act,

**Facility Name:** Amazon Data Services, Inc. ATL068 and ATL078 Campuses

**Facility Address:** 1456 Trae Lane  
Lithia Springs, Georgia 30122 Douglas County

**Mailing Address:** 13820 Sunrise Valley Drive  
Herndon, VA 20171

**Facility AIRS Number:** 04-13-097-00101

is issued a Permit for the following:

**Construction and operation of two co-located data center campuses with a combined total of 188 diesel-fueled emergency generators that will provide electricity to the facility in the event of an emergency. This Permit is issued for the purpose of establishing practically enforceable emission limitations such that the facility will not be considered a major source with respect to Title V of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.**

This Permit is conditioned upon compliance with all provisions of The Georgia Air Quality Act, O.C.G.A. Section 12-9-1, et seq, the Rules, Chapter 391-3-1, adopted and in effect under that Act, or any other condition of this Permit.

This Permit may be subject to revocation, suspension, modification or amendment by the Director for cause including evidence of noncompliance with any of the above; or for any misrepresentation made in Application No. 29644 dated March 22, 2025; any other applications upon which this Permit is based; supporting data entered therein or attached thereto; or any subsequent submittals or supporting data; or for any alterations affecting the emissions from this source.

This Permit is further subject to and conditioned upon the terms, conditions, limitations, standards, or schedules contained in or specified on the attached 11 pages.



Jeffrey W. Cown, Director  
Environmental Protection Division

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**1. General Requirements**

- 1.1 At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, the Permittee shall maintain and operate this source, including associated air pollution control equipment, in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Division which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures, and inspection or surveillance of the source.
- 1.2 The Permittee shall not build, erect, install or use any article, machine, equipment or process the use of which conceals an emission which would otherwise constitute a violation of an applicable emission standard. Such concealment includes, but is not limited to, the use of gaseous diluents to achieve compliance with an opacity standard or with a standard that is based on the concentration of a pollutant in the gases discharged into the atmosphere.
- 1.3 The Permittee shall submit a Georgia Air Quality Permit application to the Division prior to the commencement of any modification, as defined in 391-3-1-.01(pp), which may result in air pollution and which is not exempt under 391-3-1-.03(6). Such application shall be submitted sufficiently in advance of any critical date involved to allow adequate time for review, discussion, or revision of plans, if necessary. The application shall include, but not be limited to, information describing the precise nature of the change, modifications to any emission control system, production capacity and pollutant emission rates of the plant before and after the change, and the anticipated completion date of the change.
- 1.4 Unless otherwise specified, all records required to be maintained by this Permit shall be recorded in a permanent form suitable for inspection and submission to the Division and shall be retained for at least five (5) years following the date of entry.
- 1.5 In cases where conditions of this Permit conflict with each other for any particular source or operation, the most stringent condition shall prevail.

**2. Allowable Emissions**

- 2.1 The Permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere from the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) NO<sub>x</sub> emissions in excess of 99.9 tons per 12 consecutive month period.  
[Avoidance of Title V]
- 2.2 The Permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere from the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) CO emissions in excess of 99.9 tons per 12 consecutive month period.  
[Avoidance of Title V]

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- 2.3 The Permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere from the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) VOC emissions in excess of 24.9 tons per 12 consecutive month period.  
[Avoidance of 391-3-1-.02(2)(tt)]
- 2.4 The Permittee shall comply with all applicable provisions of the New Source Performance Standards, as found in 40 CFR 60 Subpart A – ‘General Provisions’ and 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII – “Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines” for the operation of the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1).  
[40 CFR 60 Subpart A and 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII]
- 2.5 The Permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere from the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) any emissions of non-methane hydrocarbons and nitrogen oxides (NMHC+NOX), monoxide (CO), and particulate matter (PM) in an amount exceeding the emissions standards specified in 40 CFR 60.42.05(b), as indicated in Tables 2.5-1 and 2.5-2:  
[40 CFR 60.4202(a)(2), 40 CFR 60.4205(b), 40 CFR 60.4202(b)(2), 40 CFR 1039, Appendix I(b), and 40 CFR 1039, Appendix I(c)]

Table 2.5-1: NSPS 40 CFR Part 60. Subpart IIII Tier 2 Emission Standards For all Stationary 2007 and later Model Year Diesel Engines with a Displacement of Less Than 10 Liters Per Cylinder And Maximum Engine Power Of Larger Than 560 kW, with emission limits in terms of g/kW-hr (lb/HP-hr)

| Emission Unit                            | Pollutant      | NO <sub>x</sub> + NMHC | CO            | PM                               |
|------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| EG-1 through EG-180<br>HS-1 through HS-6 | Emission Limit | 6.4 (0.0105)           | 3.5 (0.00575) | 0.20<br>(3.29x10 <sup>-4</sup> ) |

Table 2.5-2: NSPS 40 CFR Part 60. Subpart IIII Tier 3 Emission Standards For all Stationary 2007 and later Model Year Diesel Engines with a Displacement of Less Than 10 Liters Per Cylinder And Maximum Engine Power between 130 and 560 kW, with emission limits in terms of g/kW-hr

| Emission Unit  | Pollutant      | NO <sub>x</sub> + NMHC | CO  | PM   |
|----------------|----------------|------------------------|-----|------|
| BPS-1<br>SEC-1 | Emission Limit | 4.0                    | 3.5 | 0.20 |

- 2.6 The Permittee shall only fire diesel fuel, including biodiesel, with a maximum sulfur content of 15 ppm and either a minimum cetane index of 40 or a maximum aromatic content of 35 volume percent in the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1).  
[40 CFR 60.4207(b), 40 CFR 1090.305, and 391-3-1-.02(2)(g) (subsumed)]

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2.7 The Permittee shall operate the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) according to the requirements specified below. Any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance check and readiness testing, and other non-emergency operation, as described below, is prohibited:

[40 CFR 60.4211(f)]

- a. There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary ICE in emergency situations.
- b. The emergency generators may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. The Permittee may petition the Division for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency ICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
- c. The emergency generators may be operated for a maximum of 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing specified in Paragraph b. Except as provided in Condition 2.7.c.i, the 50 hours per calendar year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.
  - i. The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations can be used to supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity if all of the following conditions are met:
    - (A) The engine is dispatched by the local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator;
    - (B) The dispatch is intended to mitigate local transmission and/or distribution limitations so as to avert potential voltage collapse or line overloads that could lead to the interruption of power supply in a local area or region.
    - (C) The dispatch follows reliability, emergency operation or similar protocols that follow specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines.
    - (D) The power is provided only to the facility itself or to support the local transmission and distribution system.
    - (E) The Permittee identifies and records the entity that dispatches the engine and the specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines that are being followed for dispatching the engine. The local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator may keep these records on behalf of the engine owner or operator.

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- 2.8 The Permittee shall comply with all applicable provisions of the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), as found in 40 CFR 63 Subpart A – “General Provisions” and 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ – “National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Combustion Engines” for the operation of the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1).  
[40 CFR 63 Subpart A and 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ]
- 2.9 The Permittee shall not discharge or cause the discharge into the atmosphere from the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) any gases which exhibit an opacity equal to or greater than 40 percent.  
[391-3-1-.02(2)(b)]
- 2.10 The Permittee shall limit the operation of the house, boost pump station, and security emergency generators (Source Codes: HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) to the following criteria:  
[391-3-1-.02(2)(mmm)7]
- a. Operate only when electric power from the local utility is not available, operates for routine maintenance and testing, and which operates less than 200 hours per year

For each emergency generator that cannot meet the definition of “Emergency standby stationary engine” found in Georgia Rule 391-3-1-.02(2)(mmm)7, the Permittee shall not discharge, or cause the discharge, into the atmosphere, from each engine, any gases which contain nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) in excess of 80 ppm at 15% oxygen, dry basis, during the ozone season. For purposes of this permit, the ozone season is defined as the time period beginning May 1 and ending September 30.

- 2.11 The Permittee shall limit the operation of the critical emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180) to the following criteria:  
[391-3-1-.02(2)(mmm)8]
- a. Operate only for routine testing and maintenance, when electric power from the local utility is not available, or during internal system failures;
- b. Total annual operation for the emergency generator is less than 500 hours per year,
- c. Operation for routine testing and maintenance during the months of May through September occurs only between 10 p.m. to 4 a.m. Operation for routine testing and maintenance during the months of January through April and October through December may be done during any time of the day, and
- d. The facility maintains records of all operation, including the reason for the operation.

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For each emergency generator that cannot meet the definition of “Emergency standby stationary engine” found in Georgia Rule 391-3-1-.02(2)(mmm)8 for data centers, the Permittee shall not discharge, or cause the discharge, into the atmosphere, from each engine, any gases which contain nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) in excess of 80 ppm at 15% oxygen, dry basis, during the ozone season. For purposes of this permit, the ozone season is defined as the time period beginning May 1 and ending September 30.

- 2.12 Fuel oil fired in the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) shall be distillate fuel oil or biodiesel. Distillate fuel oil means fuel oil that complies with the specification for fuel oil number 1 or 2 as defined by the American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) standard ASTM D396, “Standard Specifications for Fuel Oils.” Biodiesel means fuel oil that complies with the specification of diesel fuel oils as defined by ASTM D975, “Standard Specifications for Diesel Fuel.”  
[391-3-1-.03(2)(c)]

**3. Fugitive Emissions**

- 3.1 The Permittee shall take all reasonable precautions with any operation, process, handling, transportation, or storage facilities to prevent fugitive emissions of air contaminants.

**4. Process & Control Equipment**

- 4.1 The Permittee shall operate and maintain the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) according to the manufacturer’s emission-related written specifications/instructions or procedures developed by the Permittee that are approved by the engine manufacturer, over the entire life of the engine. In addition, the Permittee shall only change those emission-related settings that are permitted by the manufacturer.  
[40 CFR 60.4211(a)]
- 4.2 The Permittee shall operate the Selective Catalytic Reduction systems (Source Codes: SCR1 through SCR180) at all times the critical emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180) are in operation.  
[391-3-1-.02(6)(b)1]
- 4.3 The Permittee shall operate the catalyzed diesel particulate filter (Source Codes: DPF-1 through DPF-180) at all times the critical emergency generators are in operation (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180).  
[391-3-1-.02(6)(b)1]
- 4.4 The Permittee shall continuously monitor the exhaust temperature of the outlet of the catalyzed diesel particulate filter and Selective Catalytic Reduction system. Engine exhaust gas shall be treated with urea when the exhaust temperature of 572°F is achieved, except for periods of start-up, shutdown, or malfunction.  
[391-3-1-.02(6)(b)1]

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- 4.5 The Permittee shall clearly label each emergency generator (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) and its control devices with its Source Code ID.  
[391-3-1-.02(2)(6)1]

**5. Monitoring**

- 5.1 The Permittee shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate monitoring devices for the measurement of the indicated parameters on the following equipment. Data shall be recorded at the frequency specified below. Where such performance specification(s) exist, each system shall meet the applicable performance specification(s) of the Division's monitoring requirements.  
[391-3-1-.02(6)(b)1 and 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(i)]
- a. A non-resettable hour meter to measure and record the number of hours operated for the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1), recorded monthly.  
[40 CFR 60.4209(a)]
- b. A system to monitor and record fuel usage in each emergency generator (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1). Data shall be recorded at least once each hour that the emergency generator is operated,
- 5.2 The Permittee shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a system to continuously monitor the exhaust temperature at the outlet of the Selective Catalytic Reduction system (Source Codes: SCR1 through SCR180). Data shall be recorded each hour or portion of each hour of operation of the catalyst for all Selective Catalytic Reduction systems. For the purpose of Condition 7.2, the critical emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180) are considered to be in controlled operation whenever the exhaust temperature exceeds 572 degrees Fahrenheit.  
[391-3-1-.02(6)(b)1 and PTM Section 2.120.3(a)]
- 5.3 The Permittee shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a monitoring device to measure the pressure drop across the catalyst of each Selective Catalytic Reduction system (Source Codes: SCR1 through SCR180).  
[391-3-1-.02(6)(b)1 and PTM Section 2.120.3(b)]
- 5.4 The Permittee shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a system to continuously monitor the reagent injection rate of each Selective Catalytic Reduction system (Source Codes: SCR1 through SCR180). Data shall be recorded each hour or portion of each hour of operation on the injection system.  
[391-3-1-.02(6)(b)1 and PTM Section 2.120.3(c)]

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- 5.5 The Permittee shall verify that each shipment of distillate fuel oil received for combustion in each emergency generator is distillate oil, No. 2 fuel oil, No. 2 diesel fuel oil, ultra-low sulfur diesel fuel oil, or biodiesel and that the oil complies with the requirements of Condition 2.13. Verification shall consist of either of the following:
- a. Fuel oil receipts obtained from the fuel supplier certifying that the oil is distillate oil, No. 2 fuel oil, No. 2 diesel fuel oil, or ultra-low sulfur diesel fuel oil. Fuel supplier certification shall include the following information: (1) the name of the oil supplier and (2) a statement from the oil supplier that the oil complies with the specifications under the definition of distillate fuel oil; or
  - b. Analysis of the fuel oil conducted by methods sampling and analysis, which have been specified or approved by the Division.

**6. Performance Testing**

- 6.1 The Permittee shall cause to be conducted a performance test at any specified emission point when so directed by the Division. The following provisions shall apply with regard to such tests:
- a. All tests shall be conducted and data reduced in accordance with applicable procedures and methods specified in the Division's Procedures for Testing and Monitoring Sources of Air Pollutants.
  - b. All test results shall be submitted to the Division within sixty (60) days of the completion of testing.
  - c. The Permittee shall provide the Division thirty (30) days prior written notice of the date of any performance test(s) to afford the Division the opportunity to witness and/or audit the test, and shall provide with the notification a test plan in accordance with Division guidelines.
  - d. All monitoring systems and/or monitoring devices required by the Division shall be installed, calibrated and operational prior to conducting any performance test(s). For any performance test, the Permittee shall, using the monitoring systems and/or monitoring devices, acquire data during each performance test run. All monitoring system and/or monitoring device data acquired during the performance testing shall be submitted with the performance test results.



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6.2 If the Permittee does not install, configure, operate, and maintain the emergency engines (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, or the Permittee changes emission-related settings in a way that is not permitted by the manufacturer, the Permittee must demonstrate compliance as follows:  
[40 CFR 60.4211(g)]

- a. The Permittee must keep a maintenance plan and records of conducted maintenance and must, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. In addition, an initial performance test to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission standards specified in 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII for the emergency generators within 1 year of startup, or within 1 year after an engine and control device is no longer installed, configured, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, or within 1 year after you change emission-related settings in a way that is not permitted by the manufacturer. The Permittee must conduct subsequent performance testing every 8,760 hours of engine operation or 3 years, whichever comes first, thereafter, to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission standards.

**7. Notification, Reporting and Record Keeping Requirements**

7.1 The Permittee shall submit written notification of startup to the Division within 15 days after such date. The notification shall be submitted to:

Mr. Sean Taylor  
Stationary Source Compliance Program  
4244 International Parkway, Suite 120  
Atlanta GA 30354

7.2 The Permittee shall use the records required in Conditions 5.1 and 5.2 to calculate the total monthly NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and VOC emissions (in tons per month) from the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1). The Permittee shall notify the Division in writing if the total monthly NO<sub>x</sub> emissions equal or exceed 8.325 tons based on a 12-month rolling average, the total monthly CO emissions equal or exceed 8.325 tons based on a 12-month rolling average, or the total monthly VOC emissions equal or exceed 2.075 tons based on a 12-month rolling average. This notification shall include an explanation of how the Permittee intends to maintain compliance with the emission limits in Conditions 2.1, 2.2, and/or 2.3. Monthly emissions shall be calculated using the following equations:

[391-3-1-.02(6)(b)1]

For NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and VOC emissions from the house, boost pump station, security emergency generators (Source Codes: HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) and for CO and VOC emissions from the critical emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180) :

$$E_j = \frac{EF \times Q}{2000}$$

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Where:

$E_j$  = Monthly emissions from emergency generator  $j$ , in tons  
 $EF$  = Fuel-usage emission factor from emergency generator, in lb/gal, found in Table 7.2  
 $Q$  = Monthly fuel usage, in gallons  
2000 = Conversion from pounds to tons

For NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from the critical emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180):

$$E_j = \frac{EF_{controlled} \times Q_{controlled}}{2000} + \frac{EF_{uncontrolled} \times Q_{uncontrolled}}{2000}$$

Where:

$E_j$  = Monthly emissions from emergency generator  $j$ , in tons  
 $EF_{controlled}$  = Fuel-usage emission factor while in controlled operation, in lb/gal, found in Table 7.2  
 $Q_{controlled}$  = Monthly fuel usage while in controlled operation, in gallons  
 $EF_{uncontrolled}$  = Fuel-usage emission factor while in uncontrolled operation, in lb/gal, found in Table 7.2  
 $Q_{uncontrolled}$  = Monthly fuel usage while in uncontrolled operation, in gallons  
2000 = Conversion from pounds to tons

For all emergency generators:

$$E_m = \sum_{j=1}^n E_j$$

Where:

$E_m$  = Total monthly emissions from all emergency generators, in tons  
 $j$  = Individual emergency generator  
 $n$  = Total number of emergency generators, 188  
 $E_j$  = Monthly emissions from emergency generator  $j$ , in tons

Table 7.2 – Fuel-Usage Emission Factor for NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and VOC

|                 | Emission Factor (lb/gal)                    |                                           |                                               |                                             |                |                         |                       |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
|                 | EG-1<br>through<br>EG-142<br>(Uncontrolled) | EG-1<br>through<br>EG-142<br>(Controlled) | EG-143<br>through<br>EG-180<br>(Uncontrolled) | EG-143<br>through<br>EG-180<br>(Controlled) | HS-1 &<br>HS-2 | HS-3<br>through<br>HS-6 | SEC-1<br>And<br>BSP-1 |
| NO <sub>x</sub> | 0.28                                        | 0.02                                      | 0.58                                          | 0.02                                        | 0.27           | 0.27                    | 0.14                  |
| CO              | 0.11                                        | 0.02                                      | 0.34                                          | 0.02                                        | 0.22           | 0.50                    | 0.14                  |
| VOC             | 0.0151                                      | 0.00628                                   | 0.18                                          | 0.03                                        | 0.0271         | 0.20                    | 0.0364                |

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- 7.3 The Permittee shall use the records calculated in Condition 7.2 to calculate the 12-month consecutive total emissions of NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and VOC from the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) for each calendar month.  
[391-3-1-.02(6)(b)1]
- 7.4 The Permittee shall keep records of the operation of the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) in emergency and non-emergency service that are recorded through the non-resettable hour meter required in Condition 5.1. The Permittee shall record the time of operation of the emergency generator and the reason the emergency generator was in operation during that time. Records shall be maintained for a period of five (5) years in a format suitable for inspection by or submission to the Division.  
[40 CFR 60.4214(b)]
- 7.5 The Permittee shall use the monthly non-emergency service operating time records required by Condition 7.4 to calculate monthly the calendar year total of the non-emergency service operating time for the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) for each consecutive twelve-month period. All the calculations shall be kept as part of the records required in Condition 7.4. The Permittee shall notify the Division in writing within 15 days if the calendar total of non-emergency service operating time for any generator equals or exceeds 100 hours. This notification shall include an explanation of how the Permittee intends to comply with Condition 2.7.  
[40 CFR 60.4211(f)(3)]
- 7.6 The Permittee shall maintain a copy of the manufacturer's written operating and maintenance instructions or operating and maintenance procedures developed by the Permittee that are approved by the engine manufacturer for the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1). These records shall be maintained in a format suitable for inspection or submittal.  
[40 CFR 60.4211(a)]
- 7.7 The Permittee shall demonstrate compliance with emission standards specified in 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII for the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) by purchasing an engine certified to the emission standards in 40 CFR 60.4205(b) for the same model year and maximum engine power. The engine must be installed and configured according to the manufacturer's emission-related specifications. These records shall be maintained in a format suitable for inspection or submittal.  
[40 CFR 60.4211(c)]
- 7.8 The Permittee shall submit an annual report with the requirements specified in 40 CFR 60.4214(d) if the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) are operated for the purpose specified in 40 CFR 60.4211(f)(3)(i).  
[40 CFR 60.4214(d)]

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- 7.9 The Permittee shall keep records verifying that each shipment of diesel fuel received for firing in the emergency generators (Source Codes: EG-1 through EG-180, HS-1 through HS-6, BPS-1, and SEC-1) complies with the applicable requirements in Condition 2.13. Verification shall consist of either the fuel oil receipts and/or fuel supplier certifications or results of analyses of the fuel oils conducted by method of sampling and analysis which have been approved by the EPA or the Division.

**8. Special Conditions**

- 8.1 At any time that the Division determines that additional control of emissions from the facility may reasonably be needed to provide for the continued protection of public health, safety and welfare, the Division reserves the right to amend the provisions of this Permit pursuant to the Division's authority as established in the Georgia Air Quality Act and the rules adopted pursuant to that Act.
- 8.2 The Permittee shall calculate and pay an annual Permit fee to the Division. The amount of the fee shall be determined each year in accordance with the "Procedures for Calculating Air Permit Application & Annual Permit Fees."